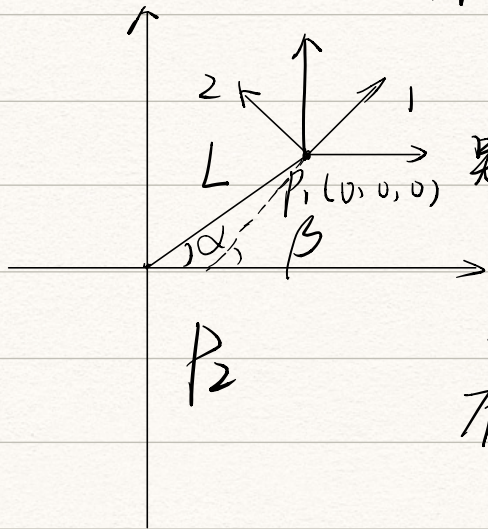


不妨以小车2为基准  $P_1 = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$



另一个小车(试想) 小车2(码盘处)

↓ 永远  $v, \omega$  相同

小车坐标(实际) 小车1

有  $P_2 = A + P_1$       $A = \begin{pmatrix} -L \cdot \cos \alpha \\ -L \cdot \sin \alpha \end{pmatrix}$   
 平移算子

运动一段时间后      $\begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} L \cdot \cos \alpha \\ L \cdot \sin \alpha \end{pmatrix}$

$$P_1 = \begin{pmatrix} \sum \Delta x_{now} \\ \sum \Delta y_{now} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{而 } \begin{pmatrix} \text{Position}_{now-x} \\ \text{Position}_{now-y} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \sum \Delta x_{now} \\ \sum \Delta y_{now} \end{pmatrix} = -A + \begin{pmatrix} \sum \Delta x_{now} \\ \sum \Delta y_{now} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore P_1 = \begin{pmatrix} \text{Position}_{now-x} \\ \text{Position}_{now-y} \end{pmatrix} + A \quad (\text{世界坐标})$$

此时以小车1为基准

坐标系平移  $A$ , 相当于坐标平移  $-A$

$$\therefore P_1' = -A + P_1 = \begin{pmatrix} \text{Position}_{now-x} \\ \text{Position}_{now-y} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{故 } P_2' = A + P_1' = A - A + P_1 = P_1 = \begin{pmatrix} \text{Position}_{now-x} \\ \text{Position}_{now-y} \end{pmatrix} + A$$



$$= \begin{pmatrix} \text{Position-robot-x} - l \cos \alpha \\ \text{Position-robot-y} - l \sin \alpha \end{pmatrix}$$

故可由码盘坐标换算得小车坐标.